

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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This is a campaign in which the people will judge of a party not by what it promises, but by what it has done and is still doing.

There are already over one billion dollars of rebel war claims on the files of Congress, and these were put there by severely Confederate Congressmen. This means business when the Solid South captures the White House.

Hancock is the first example of a candidate for the Presidency being better than his party. He acknowledges that the party can't be trusted, but that he will put a check on it. Can't very well hold a hungry wolf with a thread.

The Republicans are confident of carrying Connecticut in November. They are encouraged in all parts of the State. The meetings are large and enthusiastic and on all hands there is a determination to keep the State in the Republican column in November.

Even the Democrats in South Carolina are becoming fearful lest that State will be lost to their party. The Charleston News tells its readers that unless the Democrats do as they did in 1876, the State will be lost. This means the free use of tissue ballots.

Ben Hill and the horde of Confederates want the South to have one more chance. Well, the South has had a clean run in Congress for nearly five years, and all it has done has been to increase the expenditures of the government 41 million dollars, and to satisfy the people that it can't be trusted.

The public debt was reduced nine million dollars during the month of September. What a wonder! What a country this is! The gradual lessening of the great war debt goes on so steadily that the people hardly realize its greatness and importance. The silence with which this mighty work is being done astounds all the leading commercial nations of the world. It is now fifteen years since our total debt reached its highest point. Then it was \$3,756,431,571, and since that time it has been reduced nearly 900 million dollars.

Recently, in Louisville, Kentucky, the Democrats tossed up a nickel to decide who should go to Congress from that district. That was more than a certain Democrat could stand very well, so he wrote a note to the Louisville Courier-Journal as follows: "It is not Democratic doctrine nor practice to toss up nickles to determine by whom this—the commercial—metropolis of Kentucky is to be represented in the American Congress. The people have always been able to select their Representatives without resorting to chuck-a-luck or dice, and the gentlemen who yesterday undertook to usurp their rights will learn too late that such methods are not approved by the voters of this district."

It is said that an agreement has been entered into between John C. New, chairman of the Republican State committee of Indiana, and William H. English, chairman of the Democratic committee, by which each party shall be properly represented on the election board next Tuesday. The agreement is this: "Where the inspector is a Democrat, he shall appoint a judge and clerk to be selected by the Republicans; and where the inspector is a Republican, he shall appoint a judge and clerk selected by the Democrats." This is a fair compromise of the question, and could the importation of Democratic troops be stopped from Kentucky, there is no doubt that a full and fair vote will be had in Indiana.

Some time ago the Gazette compiled from the official records the Presidential votes in many counties in the South to prove that in 1876 there was not a free ballot and a fair count in the Southern States. Even a Democrat of deep prejudices, could but be astonished at the figures then produced. The figures showed how utterly farcical was the election in many portions of the South, and how powerful was the shotgun policy in keeping Republicans from the polls. We reproduce the figures for the benefit of those who probably have forgotten their astonishing significance:

Greene county, Alabama.....	408
Chilton county, Georgia.....	1,392
Wilkes county, Georgia.....	1,439
East Feliciana, Louisiana.....	2,072
Washington county, Mississippi.....	1,144
Talladega county, Mississippi.....	2,472
Yazoo county, Mississippi.....	2,975
Brown county, Texas.....	1,784
Eastland county, Texas.....	1,425
Hidalgo county, Texas.....	1,425
Buchanan county, Virginia.....	1,330
Totals.....	18,833

These astonishing figures are confronted by the declaration of the National Democratic platform, that the right to a free ballot shall be maintained in every part of the United States; and by the statement of General Hancock in his letter of acceptance, that there must be a free ballot, a full vote, and a fair count. Just think of Yazoo county, having nearly as many votes as Rock county, casting 3,672 Democratic votes, and only two Republican votes! There is a terrible meaning in all this. It means that Hancock's statement is insincere, and that the Democratic platform is nothing less than mockery. They may pretend to be honest, but official figures can't conceal the truth.

HOTEL THEFT.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 4.—The Republican house in this city, was burglarized last night, and the thieves secured about \$300 worth of watches, jewelry, and money.

AMONG THE HOOSIERS.

A Magnificent Turnout at Richmond, Indiana.

One of the Largest and Most Enthusiastic Mass Meetings of the Campaign.

Forty Thousand People Welcome the Distinguished New York Senator.

The Republicans of Wayne County Determined on a Rousing Republican Majority.

Put Connecticut Down on the Slate for Garfield and Arthur.

The Figures of the Party Leaders in Relation to the Vote of Colorado.

Great Preparation for the Parade of the Boys in Blue in New York.

The Britton House, Eau Claire, Destroyed by Fire.

A Family in Milwaukee Poisoned by Eating Wild Parsnips.

Other Interesting News Items and Miscellaneous News Items.

AMONG THE HOOSIERS.

A Magnificent Turnout to Welcome Senator Conkling at Richmond, Indiana.

RICHMOND, Oct. 4.—The great manufacturing centre of Hoosierdom was in a seething state of political enthusiasm today, rivaling anything ever known here in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. The local population of 16,000 was augmented by delegation after delegation from neighboring points, in Wayne county and the other counties which go to make up the Congressional district, and from such towns in Western Ohio as Eaton, Hamilton, Dayton, Urbana, and as far east as Columbus, until the crowds in sight numbered fully 40,000 people. The fact that Richmond is the great manufacturing town in the State, and the fact that it is at the same time one of the staunchest of Republican strongholds, naturally go together. In fact, one might as well take the sequence of the other. This is especially true in the present campaign. The manufacturing interests here, as elsewhere, were never in so prosperous and thriving condition. If there is a town in the country where solid business element bankers less for such a "change" as is implied in Democratic success it is Richmond. Ind., the home of the great iron and steel industry, whose labors have already been crowned with the rich reward of general prosperity. A large portion of the population belong to the working classes. To these the manufacturing interests generally the possibility of the Democratic success this fall, involving as it would, the disturbance of the tariff and the overthrow of the present protective system means universal calamity and individual ruin—a bread and butter contest with the pauperized labor of Europe and starvation for the rest. Naturally, they are bent upon any it in theirs, and have fully made up their minds to do all in their power to prevent a Democratic success with all that the term implies. Wayne county itself is Republican by 2,500 majority; but if figure isn't raised to 3,000 or 3,200 through the universal interest in the triumph of the Republican cause, the most observing minds here will be considerably disappointed. The Congressional district will probably give its maximum majority of 9,000. Why the Democrats ever allowed the creation of a district like this, when they were engaged in the congressional business of gerrymandering the State is explainable only on the ground that they couldn't help themselves in the way they would like to have done, and were compelled by the sheer mathematical and thing Republican counties together, and thus the voters in one immense stronghold rather than great counties on Democratic bailiwicks, and thereby endanger this solidity. Strong as the district is, the Republican leaders in it have left no stone unturned to fill up a goodly vote this fall, and it was with this determination to bring out the voting material, and not to be caught napping, that they had their plans for today's rally, and secured the presence of Senator Conkling as the special feature of interest in connection with it. The preparations were undertaken on the largest scale. More flags and bunting, more campaign uniforms and badges, and more real enthusiasm has been spread over the square inch than can be said of any place at which Mr. Conkling has spoken since he left Warren. If Warren deserves the title, certainly Richmond is entitled to a goodly-sized spring of it.

THE BOYS IN BLUE.

Great Preparations for the Parade in New York.

New York, Oct. 4.—Great preparations are making for the parade of the Boys in Blue next Monday night, which General Grant will review. The indications are that many business men will take part, and that the procession will be of a character not often seen. The Tribune says it promises to be by far the finest political display ever seen in this city. No vehicles or transparencies will be allowed in line, nor will any young boys be permitted to take part. It is expected that there will be about 6,000 men from Brooklyn. It is proposed that the ferry boats bringing these men shall land them at

the foot of Thirtieth and Twenty-third streets. Thence they will march to Irving place, and there formed in line, ready to fall into place in the marching column. It is believed that there will be from 20,000 to 25,000 men in the line. Of these from 15,000 to 18,000 will be represented by various assembly district organizations of this city. There will be three divisions. The first will be commanded by Horace Porter, the second by Police Commissioner Joel W. Munsie, while the command of the third, to be composed of the visiting organizations, is not yet announced. General Aspinwall will be grand marshal, with a large corps of aids, and as far as possible, will be formed in the numerical order of districts. Newark, Jersey City, Elizabeth, and New Brunswick will swell New Jersey's representation to a large figure. It is expected that 100,000 men will come down from Albany. Most of the towns along the Hudson river within easy distance of the city will be represented. A club composed of members of the Stock Exchange, handsomely equipped, and headed by Grant's hand, will probably be given the right of line. Companies of houses along the line of march are asked to illuminate them. General Grant is expected to reach this city Saturday night. He will pass Sunday quietly, will visit various headquarters and other places on Monday, and will review the procession from the stand near the Worth monument. Tuesday he will go to Boston.

CONNECTICUT.

The Republicans Gain a Majority of the Town in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 4.—The town elections took place today. This city elects the Republican ticket by 400 majority. The Town Clerk only is a Democrat.

Of the seventy-six towns so far heard from, forty-six are Republican, twenty-four Democratic, the six equally divided. Of these towns the Republicans gain eleven and the Democrats four. The six towns now equally divided were Democratic in 1876. The constitutional amendment giving the appointment of Judges of the Superior and Supreme courts to the Governor, subject to the Legislature, is carried by a large majority. Therefore the judges have been selected by party caucus and in the Legislature.

COLORADO.

The Political Outlook in Colorado.

DENVER, Oct. 4.—It seems to be the impression East that the Colorado election takes place to-morrow, but under the new Constitution it is held Nov. 2. Republicans claim the State by 3,500 to 5,000. Democrats concede this. On Governor, but claim the election of their National and the balance of the ticket by small majorities. They claim that the election has been so largely Democratic as to overcome the former Republican majorities.

SUICIDAL.

RAVINE, Oct. 4.—Mrs. Eli W. Warner, of California, Racine county, committed suicide last evening, about 9 o'clock, by hanging herself with a silk handkerchief to the door of her bedroom. The act was done while the rest of the family was at church. The only explanation that can be given is that the deceased had been for the past nine months subject to intermittent periods of insanity. She leaves a husband and seven children who have almost reached middle age. Mrs. Warner was 69 years old and with her husband came to Racine county thirty years ago. The family of which she was a respected member have always borne an honorable name and are among the best people of California. They are overcome with grief at their loss and the manner in which it was brought about.

AN OLD STORY.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 4.—Seven members of the family and guests of the Hon. John Rugge were poisoned to-day by eating wild parsnips for dinner. Mrs. Ball, of Galveston, Texas, daughter of Mrs. Rugge; Mrs. Thompson, of Galveston; Mrs. Ball's children, Annie, aged 4 years, and a son of Rugge, aged 6; Sanford, a son of Mr. Rugge, partook of the poisonous vegetables, and almost immediately showed symptoms of poisoning. Physicians were called, and all are now pronounced out of danger except Annie Ball and Sanford Rugge, who are in a critical condition. The parsnips were purchased at a regular fancy grocery.

MOONSHINERS INDICTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has received the following:

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 4.—The United States Grand Jury has found true bills against thirty-eight citizens of Georgia for armed attacks on revenue officers in the second district while discharging their lawful duties. Twenty of these outlaws belonged to the gang that burned Deputy Collector Stewart's property and fired upon his family.

HOTEL BURNED.

Eau Claire, Oct. 4.—The Britton House, located in the Fifth Ward, one of the first built hotels in the city, took fire at 2:30 o'clock this morning, and before the arrival of the fire department, with most of the contents, was destroyed, on which there was no insurance. G. W. Britton, owner, will lose \$8,000, and the occupant, B. Farr, of Bradford, Pa., estimates his loss on furniture at \$1,500. The fire was first discovered in the second story, but its origin is a mystery.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

New York, Oct. 4.—The Supreme Court has just rendered a decision of great importance to drovers and farmers

concerning the sale of diseased cattle. The decision is to the effect that he who sells diseased cattle forfeits the pay for them and is liable to damages for the spread of the disease.

THE EPIZOOTIC.

New York, Oct. 4.—There is no abatement of the horse distemper. About 6,000 animals are sick in this city, and 2,000 in Brooklyn and Jersey City. Philadelphia, Oct. 4.—The epizootic is sweeping over the city, and already 5 per cent of the horses are affected.

GENERAL GRANT.

HARTFORD, Oct. 4.—General Grant writes General Hawley that he will visit Hartford after Boston, probably the 10th or 11th. Arrangements will be made for a great mass meeting here on the occasion of the visit.

KILLED.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 4.—D. W. Frisbie, aged 70 years, and old resident of Plymouth, Wis., was struck by a train to-day near this city and instantly killed.

THE NEENAH RALLY.

The Neenah Republican mass meeting held there last week, at which State Treasurer Guenther and Congressman Williams spoke, was the largest ever held in that city. In regard to the speech of Mr. Williams, the Neenah Gazette says:

The closing address was given by that silver-tongued orator and statesman, Hon. C. G. Williams, of Janesville. To say it was one of his best efforts is praise enough. It was, in fact, one of the most powerful addresses we ever listened to. We can not even summarize his line of argument in the brief space allotted us this week. Suffice it to say, he left no standing place for a modern Democrat, only on the side of our Government's enemies. He said parties do not make political issues, but political issues make parties—these issues are placed before us by the fiat of history, and come at no man's bidding. It is for us to study them in the light of reason and popular intelligence. General Hancock can not lead the party he represents, but the party will lead him. "One blast of the trumpet from a 'Solid South' would crush out the patriotism of his entire life. In voting for him, men will not vote for his patriotic record, but for the Wade Hampton and friends, generally, of the lost cause, who control the party." The country is prospering under a Republican administration as it never prospered before. It is rapidly paying off a public debt made through the disloyalty of the men who now support, and always have supported the Democratic party. Its currency is never as good as now. Every branch of industry is in a healthy condition. The country does not want a change, only more thoroughness in carrying to every part of our domain liberty of speech and the right and privilege of voting as one pleases. This is the great need of the hour, and necessarily constitutes the most important issue of the campaign. The country needs a Republican should not push aside this great issue for the now important questions of finance, tariff, etc. This is but a poor and imperfect synopsis of the speaker's argument. One must hear him to take in all his thoughts.

Remarkable Success.

The sciences of medicine and chemistry have never produced so valuable a remedy for the treatment of Kidney diseases as the accidental discovery of the vegetable contained in Dr. J. K. Roney's Kidney Pills. Its reliable character, its desirable qualities and masterly curative power have deeply won upon the confidence of the medical profession and countless sufferers who have used it.

The Marvels at Lourdes.

New York Tribune. There was an imposing ceremony at the Church of Notre Dame des Victoires, Paris, three weeks ago. The pilgrims who had just returned from Lourdes had been invited to offer up the homage of their gratitude at the foot of the statue of the Virgin. After the congregation had joined in singing the "Magnificat," Father Picard got into the pulpit to give an account of the pilgrimage. He remarked that seven trains were found necessary to transport to Lourdes the multitude of pilgrims, not only from Paris, but from all parts of Paris. Some 2,000 of them, who traveled, of whom 900 performed the journey, the cost of the funds subscribed for the pilgrimage, in spite of the fatigues of so long a journey, only two deaths occurred on the road, or during the sojourn of the pilgrims at Lourdes, and, according to Father Picard, these two unhappy individuals, far from going to the Virgin's shrine to implore a cure or long life, had on the contrary, undertaken the journey to pay for an early death. Up to that moment, 137 cures or great ameliorations had been certified. The preacher drew special attention to two blind persons who recovered their sight and to a deaf and dumb being cured to two, one of whom had been deaf and dumb from birth and the other from the age of 13 months. Many persons who had been stricken with paralysis or were suffering from what were considered incurable diseases, were also restored to health.

A. Rochefort, Fayette Mich., writes: Your Electric Oil gives good satisfaction in this place, and ten dollars worth by express and freight.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Craft & Sherer.

The Highest Mountain on the Globe.

Nobody reputation and honor are safe in this cynical age. For the last few years Mount Everest, in Nepal, has been considered the highest mountain in the world, reaching the respectable height of 28,000 feet. Dhawalagiri and Kuningjunga, in the same range, with about 28,000 feet each, shared this honor between them until Major Everest, of the Bengal Engineers, discovered their big brother. Before they were measured, Humboldt thought some points in South America Andes reached the highest altitude on our globe. And now comes Capt. J. A. Lawson, who has discovered in the little-known island of New Guinea a peak that beats them all, which has been properly named Mount Heracles, and fixed its elevation at 32,786 feet above the level of the sea.

A MADMAN'S RIDE.

Clinging to the Windows of a Train Running Thirty Miles an Hour.

From the Reading Eagle. Depotmaster Thomas Boone, of this city, relates the details of a most dangerous ride of a madman on the Reading and Pottsville cars. In Port Clinton, while the inspectors were tapping the wheels of the forward car, he discovered the figure of a man extended on the front truck, finding himself the centre of attention. He immediately made his way to his uncomfortable position, and at last stood upright in the glare of the lantern. He was a man of medium stature, apparently well dressed, but lacking a bit. His hair stood on end from the force of the wind, caused by the rapid journey in the open air. His face and head—at that time—were covered with a coat of white dust. How he succeeded in making the journey without injury was a mystery which he refused to explain. On being informed that he couldn't travel on the train any longer without a ticket he rushed into the depot and purchased one for Pottsville. Shortly after Port Clinton the conductor found the tramp standing on the hind platform of the car.

"You must get on the inside," said the conductor. "It is dangerous to ride on the platform." The madman stared at the conductor and said, "I don't want to get in. I won't get in. If you touch me I'll jump off." The train was going at a high rate of speed. The conductor succeeded in getting the man inside the car, but a few moments later the tramp suddenly jumped for the door, reaching the platform, descended the steps, and acted as if he intended to jump into eternity. The passengers were alarmed. The madman leaned over from the car step, and catching hold of the iron bars of the nearest window, he swung himself out into space. Leaving the tramp swinging in a manner to make those who saw him turn away their heads, the conductor hastened inside the car and pulled the bell rope. He had no sooner done this than the tramp made a spring to the next window. He swung himself from window to window until he reached the middle of the car, perching into each window as he passed, and yelling at the top of his voice, "I'll beat you to Pottsville yet." The passengers in the car were terrified at the dangerous position of the man, especially when it became known that the tramp was approaching a bridge near Landingville. The bridge was reached, and all expected to see the madman's trampswoman from his moorings, but when the danger was passed the yelling outsider still maintained his position. A little further on he suddenly disappeared, and all hands expected to see his mangled remains when the train shot past. Just as Landingville appeared in sight the tramp appeared, who was running on the hill at full speed, still shouting, "I'll beat you to Pottsville." The man is supposed to have run to the hills; as yet he is not known.

When visiting New York City you must not forget that the Grand Central hotel is now kept by Keefer, McKinnis & Co., of the famous Manhattan Beach Hotel. It has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout.

REPORT

Of the condition of The Rock County National Bank, at Janesville, in the State of Wisconsin, at the close of business, October 1st, 1880.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	\$180,437.00
Overdrafts.....	2,016.00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation.....	100,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand.....	1,500.00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages.....	1,420.00
Due from approved reserve agents.....	25,234.91
Due from State banks and bankers.....	\$5,914.00
Real estate furniture and fixtures.....	5,000.00
Current expenses and taxes paid.....	2,572.42
Prepaid interest.....	1,000.00
Checks and other cash items.....	4,000.00
Due of other banks.....	9,078.00
Fractional paper currency, notes and coins.....	11.00
Specie.....	14,980.83
Total.....	\$450,000.00
Redemption fund with United States Treasury 3 per cent. of circulation.....	4,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5 per cent. redemption fund.....	250.50
Total.....	\$454,750.50

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund.....	3,000.00
Undivided profits.....	12,008.32
Unpaid bank notes outstanding.....	89,214.00
Individual deposits subject to check.....	\$102,838.33
Deposits not subject to check.....	\$10,255.88
Total.....	\$417,106.53

STATE OF WISCONSIN, County of Rock.

I, C. S. JACKMAN, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. S. JACKMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of October, 1880.

Notary Public.

Correct attested—S. W. SMITH, J. B. JACKMAN, J. B. CASSIDAY, Directors.

Collins' Cherry Cough Cure.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Peruvian Wine of Iron.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Rosaline Cologne, Rosaline Jelly.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

The Prentice Tooth Powder.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

The Tolu Throat Tablets.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Quinine Hair Vigor.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Fragrant Cream of Roses.

PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JAMESVILLE, WIS.

PLANKS OF ALL KINDS—At the very lowest rates at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE!

Corner MAIN AND MILWAUKEE STREETS, Is these days one of the busiest establishments in the city for the purchasing public appreciate the fact, that this house has purchased facilities unsurpassed by any of its competitors. Its

Fall Stock of Ready-Made Clothing, Cloths, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods, having been purchased early in the season, its patrons, now, as heretofore, are here enabled to buy good goods, at the lowest figures. Its

MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT still under the supervision of Mr. J. M. KNEFF, whose artistic skill is universally acknowledged, is constantly adding to the reputation of the house because of its good workmanship and low prices. Be sure and not forget or pass by

SONNEBORN'S,

The most complete and popular Clothing House in the west.

GRAND OPENING! McKey & Bro.

WILL OPEN THEIR NEW STORE ON THE WEST SIDE WITH AN IMMENSE STOCK OF NEW GOODS, ON SATURDAY MORNING AT 9 O'CLOCK, FOR BUSINESS, AND THE DISPLAY OF THEIR STOCK.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

THE ONLY RETAIL HOUSE IN WISCONSIN

That Buys HATS by the Case direct from the Factory is

SMITH & SON'S

ONE PRICE, SQUARE DEALING STORE.

We have purchased and received this Fall over 350 Dozen new HATS—4200 SINGLE HATS; sounds big, don't it? More hats than there are men and boys in Janesville. WHAT WILL WE DO WITH THEM ALL? Well, we have sold some at Wholesale and could dispose of them all in that way at a very fair profit, but we can Retail them for more money and at the same time furnish the Men and Boys of Southern Wisconsin with HEAD-WEAR CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER RETAIL HOUSE can afford to do it. Just think of the assortment we can show you with a full line of sizes in every style, at the only strictly One Price Hat Store in the State, corner of Main and Milwaukee Streets, Janesville, sign of

M. C. SMITH & SON.

AGENTS.

SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

aug2004ly

1880

Represent sound old companies only. Risks written at best rates and losses promptly adjusted and paid. Houses and Lots for sale. Farming Lands in the city for sale. Good bargains. Houses and Lots for rent, and Money to loan on good real estate security at low rates of interest.

DIMOCK & HAYNER

AGENTS.

SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

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JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY!

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

GEO. T. PRICHARD & CO.
No. 21 MYERS HOUSE BLOCK, JANESVILLE.
Gas, Steam and Water Pipe Fitting. Dealers in Pumps and Cylinders, Gas Fixtures, Pipe, Radiators, Boilers, and all kinds of Machinery, Steam and Water Work. All work in the above line done on reasonable terms.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Q. G. SUTHERLAND, M. D.
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office and Residence No. 2 Franklin Street, (Opposite Court Exchange).
HOURS: 7 to 9 A. M.; 12 to 2 P. M. and 5 to 7 P. M.

MYERS HOUSE LIVERY.

C. W. JACKMAN, Proprietor.
EAST MILWAUKEE ST. - JANESVILLE.
Myers' New Team.
Hearse and Carriages for Funerals a Specialty.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

HOLM & KENT.
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters.
Preserving, Graining and Paper Hanging, specialties. References: Messrs. A. J. Roberts, Frank Cannon, David Jeffries, D. P. Crockett, Frank Cook, Dr. Geo. H. McCauley, and E. V. Whitton. P. O. Box 100, Janesville, Wis.
Milwaukee Street. Leave orders with E. V. Whitton & Co. Janesville.

H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.
Regular Office Hours 9 A. M. to 12 M. and 2 P. M. to 5 P. M.
Wanted for collection all notes, bills, accounts, and judgments considered good, bad or indifferent and for foreclosing all mortgages due or past due. Office on Main Street, over P. O. Box 100, Janesville, Wis.
Smith & Sons' Clothing Store, Janesville, Wisconsin. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

INSURANCE.

JOHN C. SAGE.
Represents Sixteen of the Most Substantial Fire Insurance Companies of Europe and the United States.
Also Agent for the First Life and the Mutual Protection Association of Wisconsin, the most reliable insurance association in the West. Also farms in Rock county and elsewhere to exchange for city property, and money to loan.

HARNESSE, BLANKETS, Etc.

WM. SADDLER.
EAST MILWAUKEE ST. - JANESVILLE.
(Opera House Block).
A Large Stock of First-Class Harnesses and Trunks on Hand at Bottom Prices.

HAIR GOODS.

MRS. WM. SADDLER.
EAST MILWAUKEE ST. - JANESVILLE.
(Opera House Block).
Manufacturers and Dealer in Ladies' Hair Nets and all kinds of Human Hair Goods.

FURNITURE.

H. HANSON & CO.
N. THE RACE. - JANESVILLE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Fine Furniture and Bedroom Sets.
Down to hard pan prices. Upholstering done at lowest living rates. For genuine bargains, good goods, and fair dealing, call at their warehouses.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED
STOMACH
BITTERS

The accumulated evidence of nearly thirty years shows that the Bitters is a certain remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, and is a preventive that it eradicates dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint and nervousness, counteracts a tendency to gain, rheumatism, catarrh and uterine disorders, that it imparts vigor to the feeble, and cheers the mind while it invigorates the body.

10 DAYS'

WATERBURY'S
KIDNEY PAD

A discovery which cures the most painful process of the urinary system, and is a certain remedy for all diseases of the kidneys, bladder, urinary organs and nervous system, when accompanied by a full and proven invigorant, that it eradicates dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint and nervousness, counteracts a tendency to gain, rheumatism, catarrh and uterine disorders, that it imparts vigor to the feeble, and cheers the mind while it invigorates the body.

10 DAYS' WATERBURY'S

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DELICATE REMEDIES

Prescribed by irregular habits, the abuse of nature and mental or physical exertion and all other causes of the urinary system, when accompanied by a full and proven invigorant, that it eradicates dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint and nervousness, counteracts a tendency to gain, rheumatism, catarrh and uterine disorders, that it imparts vigor to the feeble, and cheers the mind while it invigorates the body.

PAIN IN THE BACK.

Can be positively and without fear of contraindication, that DAY'S KIDNEY PAD is the only certain and permanent cure for this prevalent and distressing complaint.

DAY'S KIDNEY PAD

Caution. Beware of cheap imitations. The only genuine DAY'S KIDNEY PAD is made in the U. S. A. and is sold by all druggists and dealers generally.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

The Great English Remedy for all kinds of skin diseases, including Eczema, Psoriasis, and all other eruptions of the skin. It is sold by all druggists and dealers generally.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.

No. 5 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich. my29daw

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1880.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.
Trains at Janesville station.
-ARRIVE-
From Monroe. 8:30 A. M.
From Prairie du Chien. 1:30 P. M.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East. 1:40 P. M.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East. 1:50 P. M.
-DEPART-
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East. 8:30 A. M.
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East. 12:30 P. M.
For Madison, Prairie du Chien, St. Paul. 2:30 P. M.
For Monroe. 2:40 P. M.
Trains at Janesville Junction.
-WEST BOUND.
Day Express. 10:52 A. M.
Night Express. 10:52 P. M.
Accommodation. 10:52 P. M.
-EAST BOUND.
Day Express. 8:30 A. M.
Night Express. 8:30 P. M.
Accommodation. 8:30 P. M.

Chicago & Northwestern.

Trains at Janesville Station.
-ARRIVE-
Day Express. 12:30 P. M.
Night Express. 12:30 P. M.
Accommodation. 12:30 P. M.
-DEPART-
Day Express. 8:30 A. M.
Night Express. 8:30 P. M.
Accommodation. 8:30 P. M.

Post-Office--Summer Time Table.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:
From Madison and Milwaukee. 1:30 P. M.
From Chicago Through, Night via Milton Junction also Milton. 2:30 P. M.
From Chicago and Way. 2:40 P. M.
From Green Bay and Way. 2:50 P. M.
From Monroe and Way. 3:00 P. M.
From Madison and Way. 3:10 P. M.
From Milwaukee and Way. 3:20 P. M.

OVER-LAND MAILS ARRIVE.

Center and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. 12:30 P. M.
Emerald Grove, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. 12:30 P. M.
East Troy, Wednesdays and Fridays. 12:30 P. M.
Beloit stage. 12:30 P. M.

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Madison and Milwaukee. 8:30 A. M.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton Junction also Milton. 8:30 A. M.
Chicago and Way. 8:40 A. M.
All points East, West and South of Chicago. 8:40 A. M.
All points East, West and South of Chicago. 8:40 A. M.

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Daily from 8:00 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. On Sundays from 12:00 P. M. to 2:00 P. M. Money order and Registered Letter Department open from 10:00 A. M. to 12:00 P. M. and from 2:00 P. M. to 4:00 P. M. except during the distribution of the mails. Stamped envelopes, postal cards and stamps for sale at East front window from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Orders for stamps and envelopes with return card printed thereon, should be left at the window of the Department.

WHAT I DISCOVERED.

They were house-cleaning at Mrs. Copper's boarding-house. My maternal grandmother, Mr. Perkins, lived next door to that establishment, and I had been to call upon her and just dived in a dipper full of water aimed at an upper window as I crossed the pavement.

Water was dripping from all the newly-washed window sills. A stout Irish girl was on the top of a step-ladder in the vestibule. Mysterious female heads crowded in towels appeared at upper windows and vapor instantly. A handsome gentleman of color was engineering two poles with a bucket strung on them through the arched door, and a faint smell of paint came through the door, in company with a tall person in a white paper cap, who had the air of one whose occupation was over.

Behind him came a small, gaunt, prim, and perfectly-dressed young man, who was endeavoring to get a full view of his own back as he rushed full down the front door steps. I knew my friend, Mr. Mirabeau Spriggins.

"How d'ye do, Spriggins?" I cried, as he ran against me, "and what are you doing here?"

He looked as though he had been after the spoons. But Spriggins has no sense of humor, so I didn't say so then. Spriggins' answer was the Yankee one--a question.

"Perkins, have I got any paint on my coat?" he said.

Having carefully examined his back, I replied truthfully in the negative.

Spriggins gave a sigh of relief.

"You see, old cleaning house," he said, "and it's a thorough cleaning. Did you know I'd come up to board with Mrs. Copper?"

"No. Have you?" I asked.

"Yes," said he. "Very nice place. Large room, south aspect, hot and cold water, reasonable terms. Had to leave Ferguson's. Nine crying babies and two young ladies studying for the opera there. Greasable sort of person, Mrs. Copper, in her manners."

"O, very agreeable," I said. "Good housekeeper, I believe."

"That's evident," said he. "Well, house-cleaning is necessary." And he looked at his elbows again. "You're sure there's no paint on me?" he said, in a pathetic tone.

"Not a speck," I replied.

"How old do you suppose she is?" he asked, in a moment more.

"Who?" I inquired.

"Landlady," responded Spriggins.

"O, Mrs. Copper! Well, somewhere between thirty and fifty," said I.

"Vague," responded Spriggins.

"I can't get any closer," said I.

"She's a gray," said Spriggins; "but then, I've seen those things in the windows. Thin little wigs--invisible, they call 'em. Maybe she wears one of them--I think she does."

"My grandmother does," said I.

"And my little cousin, just eighteen to-morrow; that tells nothing."

"No, it doesn't--does it?" said Spriggins.

"No. I say, did you ever hear anything like a--a--mysterious about Mrs. Copper?"

"Mysterious? No. What do you mean?" I asked.

"O!--well! Late Copper died a natural death, eh? Wasn't poisoned or anything?"

"Fell from a scaffold and broke his neck. He was a builder," said I.

"He couldn't have pushed him off, or anything," said Spriggins.

"Why, in the name of common sense, should she have pushed him off?" I asked.

"'Tachment to somebody else," suggested Spriggins.

"Mrs. Copper attached to somebody else?" I asked.

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